## Appendix 8 (as supplied by the authors): Sensitivity analysis of methylprednisolone vs placebo on the risk of acute kidney injury; excludes 1404 non-elective surgeries<sup>a</sup> (N = 5882)

	Number of events		Relative Risk (95% CI)		
	Methylprednisolone	Placebo	Unadjusted <sup>b</sup>	Adjusted <sup>c</sup>	p value <sup>d</sup>
	(n = 2936)	(n = 2946)			
Primary definition of acute kidney injury <sup>e</sup>	1174 (40.0%)	1143 (38.8%)	1.03 (0.97 to 1.10)	1.03 (0.95 to 1.12)	0.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Non-elective surgery was defined based on evidence of preoperative use of inotropes, vasopressors, an intra-aortic balloon pump, or a ventricular assist device, or myocardial infarction in the 30 days before surgery.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Analyzed using modified Poisson regression without adjustment for covariates or accounting for centre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Adjusted for 9 prespecified covariates (defined in supplementary table S3; not adjusted for the non-elective surgery covariate). Missing data on left ventricular ejection fraction was imputed using multiple imputation as described in supplementary appendix S1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> P value from the adjusted model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Defined as an increase in serum creatinine concentration of 0.3 mg/dL or more (≥26.5 μmol/L) or 50% or more from the preoperative value within 14 days of surgery, or receipt of dialysis within 30 days of surgery.