

PRENATAL CARE AND CHILD PROTECTION SERVICES

VISUAL RESEARCH ABSTRACT

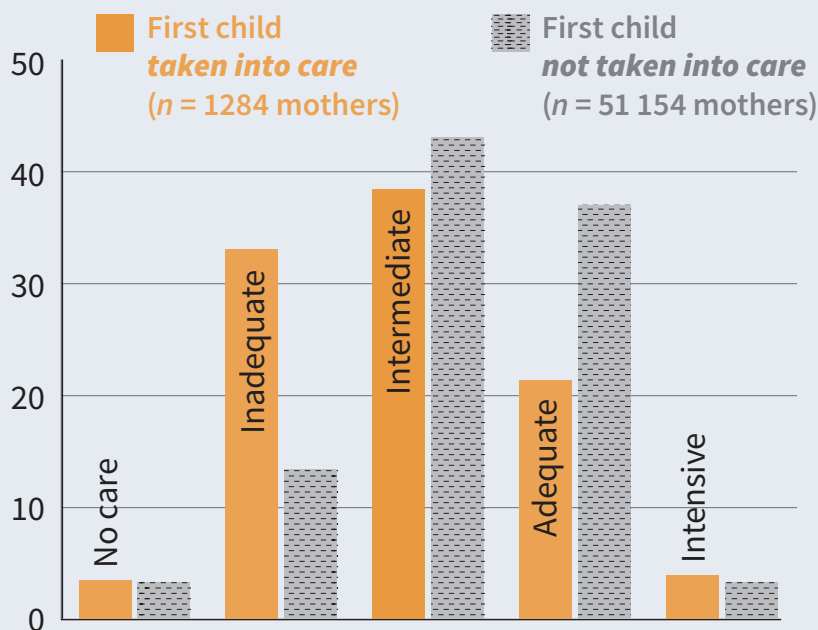
STUDY POPULATION

A population-based cohort of 52 607 mothers with at least 2 children was assessed for level of prenatal care received, as determined by the Revised Graduated Prenatal Care Utilization Index.

OBJECTIVE

The level of prenatal care received during a second pregnancy was compared between women whose first child was taken into out-of-home care and women with no child in care.

LEVEL OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION



MOTHERS WITH FIRST CHILD TAKEN INTO CARE

V. THOSE WITH NO CHILD IN CARE

1.5X odds

inadequate care rather than adequate level of prenatal care in second pregnancy



Substance use diagnoses



Urban & low-income home



Income assistance

Harm reduction strategies, such as flexible delivery models and outreach clinics, could increase support for women in challenging circumstances to receive adequate prenatal care.