Like many physicians, Campo writes about other enemies: the transience, passion and mortality of the body's narrative. The son of immigrant Cuban parents, Campo began writing poetry during his childhood to please his mother. Later, he connected to his cultural heritage through reading the poetry of José Marti and Pablo Neruda. Growing up as a struggling gay American youth, medicine offered Campo a professional identity that encompassed his sensitivity to suffering as a visceral expression of the poet's words and the body's torments.

The book is divided into 4 sections. The Enemy, which expresses the sense of unease, war and loss, hints, in "Night Has Fallen," at the shadows of the late Cuban poet Reinaldo Areinas, while in "El Viejo y la Mar" Campo expresses his own exile from the island of his ancestors. The following section,

Eighteen Days in France, appears on its surface as lighter and beautiful, yet it is preoccupied with mortality, as in "Tachycardia at the Cathedral of Notre Dame" where Campo recounts the bivalent pulse of joy and fever: "I'm here, but I think of them, the ones I've left for colleagues to console about the test that's positive...". The third section, Towards a Theory of Memory, includes a translation of one of Neruda's haunting "Cien Sonetos de Amor" ("You will know that I do and do not love you just as life is of two minds.") and, in "A Simple Cuban meal," wistful hallucinated memories ("We gather at the table, even those who left us long ago.") In the last section, Dawn, New Age, Campo in "Allegorical" muses on the tranquillity before our sense of time's finitude in writing: "In the beginning, time was animal. In-

stead of clocks, cocks announced the sunrise... By the seventh day, we had learned to count, when all creation knew peace had run out." In "Crybaby Haiku" Campo archly writes:

What can we know but smallest pieces, tiny grains of truth. Just all that.

Campo has been called a political poet because he writes about life's inequalities of class, power, war, sexual freedom and the tyranny of illness. He does so with a musician's ear and an artist's brush and leads us to smile and cry humbly at our world.

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Media

Bevel Up for nursing and medical students

Bevel Up: Drugs, Users and Outreach Nursing Interactive DVD Director: Nettie Wild National Film Board of Canada, British Columbia Centre for Disease Control; 2008 45 min. documentary; 4 hours learning options

arm reduction, an evidencebased and pragmatic approach for addressing the harms of illicit drugs, has been defined as a "policy or program directed towards decreasing the individual and societal adverse health, social and economic consequences of drug use without first requiring abstinence from drug use." The prototypical harm reduction strategy is the needle exchange program, a form of vector control that seeks to decrease the amount of time that HIVcontaminated syringes spend in circulation. Due to a large volume of scientific evidence, needle exchange is now supported by consensus statements from literally all international public health



In this scene from *Bevel Up*, street nurse Caroline Brunt draws blood from Rhea Richards in Vancouver's Downtown Eastside.

bodies, including the United States National Institutes of Health and the World Health Organization. Since nurses have become increasingly in-

volved in the delivery of harm reduction programs, a new discipline known as "harm reduction nursing" has arisen, and a compelling new educational DVD directed by filmmaker Nettie Wild, documents the activities of the nurses of the British Columbia Centre for Disease Control in Vancouver's Downtown Eastside.

As most CMAJ readers will know, in Canada's poorest postal code neighbourhood the crowded conditions in the single room occupancy hotels, shelters, and abandoned buildings set the stage for social network conditions that have contributed to a public health nightmare. In these environments, drug addicts mix with the mentally ill and the homeless while scraping out their next fix by whatever means available, often through a bustling survival sex-trade industry. Not surprisingly, deep in the decaying buildings and filthy alleyways, rates of human immunodeficiency virus, tuberculosis, syphilis and hepatitis C are among the highest in the country. Into this Dickensian quagmire wade the Centre's nurses to extend the reach of the public health system.

While a host of medical and social needs are addressed daily by the nursing team, as demonstrated in the Bevel Up DVD, the primary activities of the nurses are giving out clean needles and condoms, attending to minor medical concerns, taking blood samples for HIV and other testing, and teaching drug users how to inject themselves safely to avoid injury and reduce the spread of infectious disease. The 45-minute video follows the team of nurses going about their daily routine. Many of the images are gutwrenching. In one scene, the nurses find a mother with her teenage daughter living hidden underneath a trailer at the back of one of the alleys. The mother, who is deathly ill with pneumonia, is addicted to heroin and her pregnant daughter is addicted to crack cocaine. The nurses climb behind the trailer to talk to the women, and eventually secure the pair housing in a temporary shelter

The DVD also contains a series of teaching chapters in which a host of respected Canadian experts address everything from the ethics of harm reduction nursing to the legal issues these nurses face. These seemingly lofty issues are daily concerns facing health workers who patrol the alleys teaching drug users how to inject themselves properly (hence, "bevel up"), and are particularly relevant

Poem

Hearts and minds

Lost keys: the thousandth time. I check your pockets, the truck, wallet, walkway, yesterday's clothes. Hours of this, hours of me turning your pockets inside out, of retracing the day you can't remember, a strange kind of refusal. I wear my best graveclothes in search of your heart, which strains against what the doctor in his little room says is heart failure, and your brain, which we can see is a struggle for keys. And you always look like I can unlock, You always find them, you say. I curse you for the thousandth time, forced to tie a stick to the keys in a trick I learned from a gas station; and my love is a big stick, is a battery of tests, is the track of your mind thirty years ago, is finding the key in the oven, or propping up the tippy kitchen table, or in the tub as a float toy for my daughter, and your refusal that it ever could have been there, I found it.

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in light of the current political climate in which this work takes place. These educational chapters will be of widespread interest beyond the field of nursing. In one chapter, University of British Columbia neurologist Anthony Phillips describes the biological effects of different drugs on the brain, while in another drug users themselves demonstrate first-hand what different drugs look like. The viewer is left with the overall impression that society's response to the drug problem is certainly misguided.

Although it received less than 5% of federal funding under Canada's prior drug strategy, harm reduction was included as a key "pillar" in the effort and was supported by a transparent and multi-stakeholder consultative process led by Health Canada and the Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse. The former strategy underscored the importance of harm reduction measures "to limit possible secondary effects of substance use, such as the spread of HIV/AIDS and hepatitis C." Remarkably, the Harper government ignored this consultative process, as well as the recommendations of international scientific bodies such as the World Health Organization, and excluded harm reduction from its new Anti-Drug Strategy in 2007.

Despite the Tories' treatment of evidence-based public health, the activities of the nurses at the British Columbia Centre for Disease Control have continued. Bevel Up's presentation of the reality confronted by the nurses on the Downtown Eastside's gritty streets pulls back the curtain of ignorance shrouding the Harper government's approach to illicit drugs — witness Health Minister Tony Clement's statement that "law enforcement is harm reduction." While Bevel Up will be informative to anyone interested in evidence-based approaches to drug addiction, it should be required viewing for nursing and medical students across the country. Someone should also send a copy to the Prime Minister's office.

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