tems, for example, natural selection, cell selectivity within the lifetime of an organism and differential amplification. He has covered some of this ground in prior books such as *Neural Darwinism* (1987) and *Bright Air*, *Brilliant Fire* (1992); this new contribution, *Second Nature*, focuses on human consciousness.

Most clinicians will not find that the ideas in Second Nature lead immediately to better patient care. Indeed, this book provides nothing that will help busy clinicians complete their work faster. Some of the questions raised are truly esoteric, such as on page 62, where he asks: "Is language necessary for arithmetic to be developed?" In addition, the writing contains some awfully dense sentences, such as this one on page 50: "The normative aspect of this set of proposals should not be conflated with an illicit crossing of the is-ought divide." And a bit of the wording is jargon that will be unfamiliar to most clinicians, such as when the author coins the term "brain based epistemology." Finally, the book is hardly the last word on the topic given that current neuroscience cannot yet explain free will.

However, the book has several strengths that will appeal to readers interested in neurology, philosophy or simulated brains in robotics. It's written with an element of care and circumspection often missing in clinical discourse. Many chapters provide a savvy review of Western science history that is detailed and thoughtful. In addition, the format is compact, the index is coherent and the supplementary notes are plentiful. It's also evident throughout the text that the author loves research and has an enthusiasm for the subject that he imparts to his readers. The multiple poetic quotations that appear throughout the text provide further motivation to keep reading. In a world commonly marred by haste, this book exemplifies the diligent thinking that can occur outside of the clinical arena.

Donald A. Redelmeier MD MSHSR

Professor of Medicine University of Toronto Toronto, Ont.

Poem

Jocelyn's choice

Jocelyn, do you know of the mark you made like indelible ink on the hearts and minds of those who cared for you?

Only 38 years to ride backhoes, climb trees... no husband, no children but bonds of friendship as rich and as deep as oceans

Then invaded by cancer overtaking the lungs, the liver gripping the spinal cord to squeeze the last bit of strength from your legs confining you to your prison bed

Dignity lost, depths of pain so vast "Total Pain" we called it

Spiritual

Physical

Emotional

Social

what more was there to hurt? we named it, you understood

But you found your release power to choose, control once more simple... medication that would blanket the hurt Numb the pain

Allow no thoughts to creep in ... your final decision

not euthanasia, Jocelyn, I tell you... I tell myself though death will come quicker

Decision made, freedom granted your pain eased merely in the knowing you call the shots again

And then, you are gone you have let go you will no longer be needing this drug to take away your pain the power of choice has eased your suffering we are awed by your journey, humbled by your strength we are grateful to have known you.

Tara L. Tucker MD

Palliative Care Physician Elisabeth Bruyère Health Center Ottawa, Ont.

Jocelyn chose palliative sedation to ease her suffering but died before it could be administered.