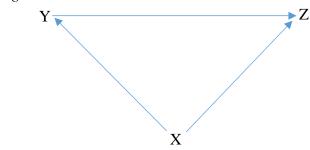
Appendix 3 (as supplied by the authors): Use of Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) to illustrate structure of confounding with maternal infections

To illustrate the structure of confounding with this variable, we used a Directed Acyclic Graphs (DAG) described by Greenland for epidemiological research.¹

See below.

As you can see in the graph, the effect of antibiotic exposure on the risk of spontaneous abortion (SA) will be confounded if "having a urinary tract infection (UTI) measured before and during pregnancy" is a cause of both being exposed to antibiotics and having SA.

Given that our ultimate goal is to provide an unbiased estimate of the association between antibiotic exposure and SA, we need to block the backdoor path (Y-X-Z) to remove confounding.



Y: Antibiotic exposure

Z: SA

X:UTI

Reference

1. Greenland S, Pearl J, Robins JM. Causal diagrams for epidemiologic research. Epidemiology (Cambridge, Mass) 1999;10:37-48.